

# Clearwisdom Review

## An Update on Falun Dafa Worldwide

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### The Persecution in Jidong Prison, Hebei Province

**(Clearwisdom.net)** The No. 4 Team of Jidong Prison in Tangshan City, Hebei Province, is located in Zuidong, Luannan County. This is a place where Falun Dafa practitioners are detained. It was very difficult to transfer this message to the outside.

One of the buildings in the prison is the hospital, and it is specifically used to detain Falun Dafa practitioners. Currently, there are several Falun Dafa practitioners detained there, and they are in critical condition. Dafa practitioner Mr. Yang Jianbo is in a very dangerous situation. Eight prisoners, divided into four teams, are on duty in rotations in his room, plus three police guards outside. The prison doctor gave Mr. Yang an infusion and oxygen and also gave him an unknown injection. Whenever he gave him this kind of shot, Mr. Yang's body would tremble because of the extreme pain. The police determine whether Yang Jianbo still remains conscious using this means. They do not allow anyone to see Yang Jianbo. They said, "Our boss said they want this person; that's why we keep him alive. If they say we don't want him any more, we will unplug the oxygen..."



In 2001, in the No. 1 Team, a Falun Dafa practitioner passed one of Master Li's articles to another practitioner. He was reported and detained in a "strict administration" team and was brutally tortured. He was not allowed to sleep for six days and nights. The guards hung him up by his handcuffs and whenever he closed his eyes they beat his fingers with a bamboo board. One blow would cause so much pain that his whole body would be covered in a cold sweat. He was forced to stand outdoors and read slogans that slandered Master Li and Falun Dafa. When he refused to read them, they beat him with a rubber baton and shocked him with an electric baton. His legs were so swollen that he could not even wear his shoes or cotton pants. He could only put on his thin sleeping pants, but he was forced to work outside in such a condition.

On one occasion in the No. 11 Team, a practitioner started a hunger strike to protest the persecution. The police guards tied him to a chair for over twenty days and force-fed him every day. They didn't even remove the rubber feeding tube inserted into his nose. When this practitioner started his second hunger strike, the police tied him to the chair for over forty days, until he was in critical condition. Later, he was sent to the No. 4 Team, where the persecution continued.

### Introduction to Falun Dafa

Falun Dafa, also known as Falun Gong, is a practice for benefiting physical health and elevating the mind. Introduced by Mr. Li Hongzhi in China, the practice consists of five gentle exercises including meditation, and diligent effort on the part of practitioners to follow the universal principles of Truthfulness-Compassion-Forbearance in daily life. Falun Gong is not only beneficial to one's own health and well-being, it also benefits others. Although the practice originated in China, today it is practiced throughout the world by people of all races and walks of life. In the face of the most brutal and vicious persecution perpetrated on them by the Chinese Communist Party, Falun Gong practitioners have found the spiritual strength to resist peacefully and tirelessly by upholding the principles of Truthfulness-Compassion-Forbearance.



### About Clearwisdom

Clearwisdom.net is the most authoritative source of information about the practice of Falun Gong and about the persecution of Falun Gong in China, reporting timely news and events happening inside China as well as from the more than 70 countries around the world where Falun Gong is practiced. Clearwisdom responsibly publishes the experiences and understandings of practitioners themselves, who submit the majority of the articles.

## Malaysia: More Than Ten Thousand Signatures Call for Government Attention to the CCP's Atrocity of Live Organ Removal

**(Clearwisdom.net)** On January 31, 2007, practitioners in Malaysia went to the Prime Minister's office to call for the government to pay attention to the Chinese Communist Party's atrocity of harvesting organs from living Falun Gong practitioners. They also submitted copies of their fourth batch of petition signatures. The practitioners obtained over 4,000 signatures this time. They have obtained a total of more than 10,000 signatures from the Malaysian public, calling for an end to the CCP's brutal persecution of Falun Gong practitioners.



## The Story of an Award-Winning Chinese Student at Manchester University

**(Clearwisdom.net)** In autumn 2003, Sammie, a young woman from China, was admitted to Manchester University. Sammie was only sixteen and had lived in the United Kingdom for only a year and a half. She was the youngest person in her class. Three years later, Sammie was looked at with new eyes because of her excellent dissertation. The college awarded her the Sociology Prize for her outstanding grades and special contributions. The prize was awarded to two students. The other student was from the UK.

When in her second year of primary school in China, Sammie was chosen by a TV station to be trained for two years in a film and TV class. She hosted children's programs several times at a TV station and dubbed for cartoons. "When I was nine, my parents divorced. My heart suddenly dropped into a deep valley," Sammie said slowly. "But later on, it was because I found my own faith, Falun Gong, that my heart not only resumed the state of peace but my study results became even better."

When she was ten, Sammie's mother was so down in spirits because of the divorce that she suffered from myocarditis. She went to see doctors everywhere but it did not help. One of her colleagues introduced Falun Gong to her. After giving it a try, she felt that it was very effective. From then on, she started practicing seriously. Gradually Sammie's mother not only became healthy, but was in a cheerful frame of mind as well. Sammie had the opportunity to read the practice's main text, *Zhuan Falun*. She could not tear herself away from the book from the moment she began reading it.

However in July 1999, the whole situation in China suddenly changed. The official attitude toward Falun Gong abruptly changed, and slander was heard everywhere. The police went to parks to keep watch, preventing people from practicing the exercises. Whoever did the exercises was arrested. Such a situation for Sammie, who had never experienced the Cultural Revolution, was very difficult to understand. She felt very constrained.

"And yet it was also a good opportunity to think, what sort of media is it in China?" said Sammie. "The present media in China serves the regime controlled by the Chinese Communist Party. That's why citizens are deceived."

That year, there were over five hundred students applying for the media course at Manchester University. Only seventeen of them were selected. Except for Sammie, they were all students from the UK. Sammie was only sixteen years old at the time, the youngest in her class. In her application statement, Sammie talked about her thoughts about the different media systems between China and the UK, and her previous experience. This made her teachers firmly believe that she was the student they wanted. When she graduated from three years' study, Sammie's dissertation, "The Chinese Media under the Mix of Party Logic and Market Logic," greatly impressed her teachers, for which she was awarded the Sociology Prize.

In the consortium of the University, Sammie was chairwoman of the Falun Gong Association and always offered free exercise instruction. In order to help people learn about the persecution of Falun Gong, she held regular discussions about human rights. She often participated in activities to raise awareness. Sammie sighed with emotion and told us, "Mainland China needs a real, independent media. Only in this way can the Chinese people voice their opinions, learn the truth about society and then make their own judgments. Only doing it like this is good for the Chinese people. "